

1.1 Encounter a Spaceship

Intro

Mike, a student of Grade 5, is always looking forward to exploring the outer space. One day, he comes across a spaceship on his way back home. What does this spaceship look like? And what will happen to them?



Tasks

- 1. Get familiar with the interface of Scratch 2.0
- 2. Understand the features of each sprite and the backdrop
- 3. Learn to create a new sprite and backdrop.

Start Learning

Sprite is the actor in one piece of work. Scratch provides multiple ways of creating sprites. Now, let's learn how to use Scratch!

Tool	Explanation	
	Choose a sprite from the Sprite Library	
New envites A / 1 A	Create a new sprite	
New sprite: 💠 🖊 🚢 🗖 –	Import (upload) a sprite from local file	
	Create a sprite via taking photo	

2. Rich Sprite Library

Click right to choose a sprite from the Sprite Library. With the sprites being sorted into different types, you can choose the wanted sprite according to the actual story.

alegory All Animals	1		1	Y	Ċ	->	\rightarrow	0
Fantasy Letters People	1080 Hip-Hop	Airplane	Amon	g Anna	Apple	Arrow1	Arrow2	Ball
Things Transportation	-		B	(Fr.)				
eme Castle	et e	Y		+++++	VO			•••
City Flying Holiday	Ballerina	Balloon1	Bananas	Baseball	Basketball	Bat1	Bat2	Beachball
Music and Dance Space	×.	E	55 P			2	2	
Sports Underwater	S	\bigcirc	5		15			T
Walking //pe	Beart	Bear2	Beetle	Bell	Bells	Boy1	Boy2	Boy3
All Bitmap	2	2	1	25			0.50	890
Vector	*	2	4	9	Ť		See.	20
	Boy3 Walking	Boy4	Boy5	Boy6	Breakdancer1	Bus	Butterfly1	Butterfly2
	878 B						****	4

\star Practice:

Import sprites "Mike.png" and "Spaceship.png" from local files.





3. Adjust the Size

After importing the sprites into the stage, you can use the following icons to adjust the size of the sprite per needed.

ТооІ	Explanation
	Сору
	م Delete
1 * X X @	Zoom In
	Zoom Out

\star Practice:

Try to adjust size of the sprite you choose.

\Rightarrow Explore

Right click the sprites to explore the other functions.



4. Create Backdrop

Stage is the arena for sprites to move and act. You can add a backdrop on the stage to make your story more interesting and vivid. Meanwhile, adding backdrop will also expand the story to a further level. Now, let's try this out!

Tool	Explanation	
Stage 1 backdrop: New backdrop:	 Four ways to create the backdrop: Choose from the Backdrop Library; Create a new backdrop; Import backdrop from local files; Take a photo as the backdrop 	
Scripts Backdrops Sounds New backdrop: Encounter Encounter Encounter Encounter Encounter Encounter	On the backdrop tag page, you can choose to add, delete and change backdrop.	

\star Practice:

Import the "Encounter.png" from the local file.



Encounter.png

What You've Learnt?

Adventure Diary (Self-Assessment)

Gas Station (Other's Assessment)





1.2 Locate the Coordinate

Intro

Mike is a fan for travel and exploration. To avoid losing the direction and continue his adventure safely while in the wild, Mike needs to learn how to locate his coordinate.

Task

- 1. Know the concept of coordinate
- 2. Learn how to move to the designated position

Start Learning

1. Coordinate System

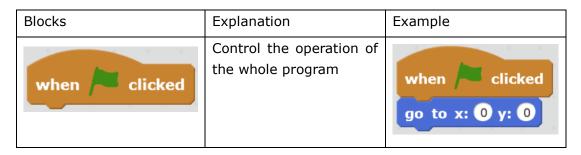
Every sprite has its/her/his own position on the stage. To manage them well, we need to first get familiar with the coordinate system of the stage.

	Y	(X:0,Y:180)	
	200		
(X:-240,Y:0)	.0	(X:0,Y:0)	(X:240,Y:0)
.280 .25		700	200 X
	.100		
		(X:0,Y:-180)	

The central coordinate of the stage lies on (0,0), with the horizontal direction as X-axis and vertical direction as Y. Divided by the central coordinate, the right part of the X-axis is positive X-axis (+), left negative X-axis (-); the upper part of the Y-axis divided by the central coordinate is positive Y-axis and the lower part Negative Y-axis.

Knowing the coordinate systems is the essential step of operate the position of all sprites on the stage.

2. Move to A Designated Position

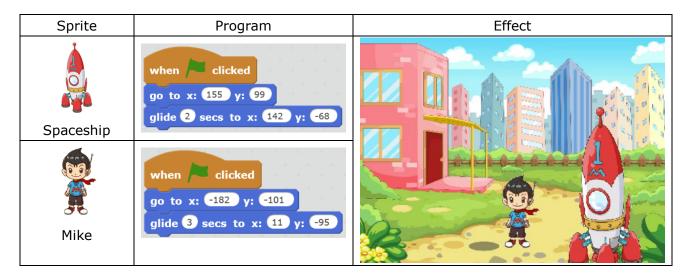


go to x: 94 y: -16	Make the sprite to move to a designated coordinate	when clicked go to x: 94 y: -16
glide 1 secs to x: -13 y: 18	Make the sprite to move to a specified coordination in a certain period of time	go to x: 0 y: 0 glide 1 secs to x: 170 y: -120

\star Practice:

Mike is not in a good mood today, so let's ask him to walk around the stage for some relaxation. The coordinates of the 4 corners on the stage are: (-240,180), (240,-180), (-240,-180). Make sure Mike is not walking at a fast speed.

Achieve



Additional Training

Choose a backdrop, create a new sprite as Mike's friend and let them race with each other. Let's see who will win the race.

Tips

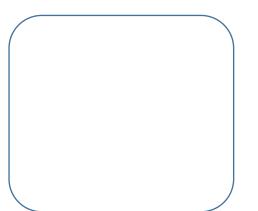
You can use the **Random Number Block** for a race to make it more intense and exciting. Come on and have a try! (Random Number Block: the block will randomly choose a number in the available range)

Homework

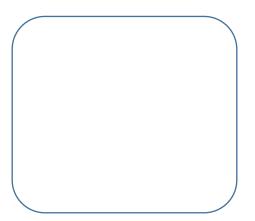
Choose one sprite that you like and make it move!

What You've Learnt?

Adventure Diary (Self-Assessment)



Gas Station (Other's Assessment)



1.3 Self Introduction

Intro

One day, Mike was examining his little spaceship carefully when suddenly he found that the spaceship can talk! Mike fixed the spaceship with the help of its voice prompt. Now, what on earth that spaceship is capable to do? Let's hear their conversation.

Tasks

- 1. Make the spaceship talk
- 2. Learn to change the appearance of the spaceship

Start Learning

1. Mike's Surprise

Communication via conversation between sprites is required in order to keep the story going. Now let's realize this goal using the blocks from **Scripts** Module.

Block	Explanation	Example
wait 1 secs	Perform the next block after waiting for a designated period of time	go to x: -165 y: -108 wait 1 secs go to x: -88 y: -47
say Hello! for 2 secs	Enable the sprite to speak	go to x: -165 y: -108 say Wow, what is this cool thing! for 2 secs

★ Practice

- 1. Make Mike to give a self-introduction
- 2. Let's name Mike's spaceship as "Mike No.1", how is it?
- rightarrow Explore

Do you have any questions about Mike No.1? Let's ask Mike to help ask for the answers!

2. Mike No.1

Block	Explanation	Example
set color effect to O	Change the sprite's color to the color number you set	wait 0.2 secs set color v effect to 20 wait 0.2 secs set color v effect to 0
change color effect by 25	Change the sprite's color based on its current color	wait 0.2 secs change color • effect by 20 wait 0.2 secs change color • effect by 20

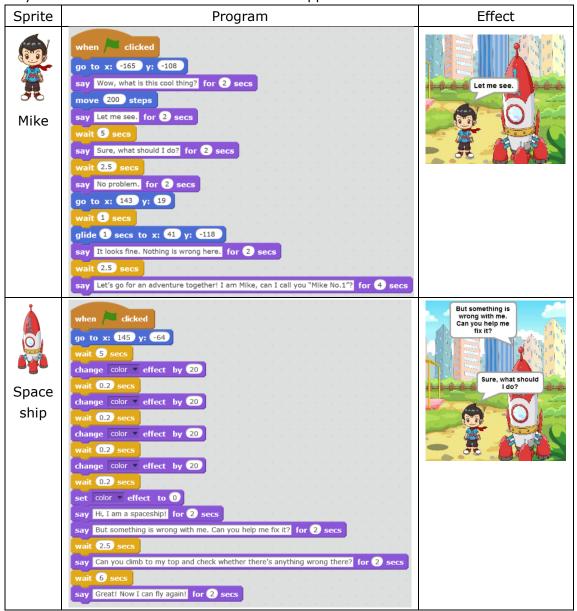
★ Practice

Mike No.1 is an extraordinary spaceship which can change its color. Come on and have a try.

- 1. Turn Mike No.1 into blue
- 2. Set the color No. of Mike No.1 to 60
- 3. Let Mike No.1 change its color randomly.

Achieve

Now that we know how to make Mike and Mike No.1 talk, how can we set them to talk with each other? Remember, there will be a sequencing during the conversation. Try to use **"wait..secs"** block to make it happen!

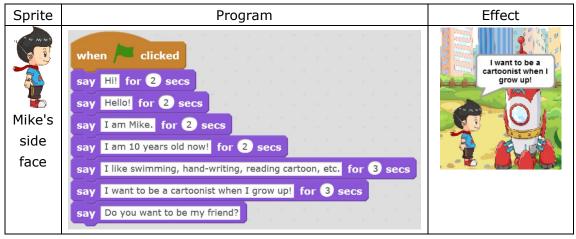


Tips

The conversation time and waiting time can be calculated roughly. After finishing the program, you can also re-adjust the time accordingly to make the conversation go smoothly.

Additional Training

While Mike has already known much about his spaceship, the latter hasn't got familiar with Mike yet! Now, import "Mike's side face.png" and introduce yourself to Mike No.1.

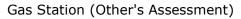


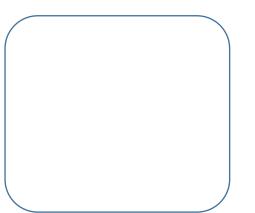
Homework

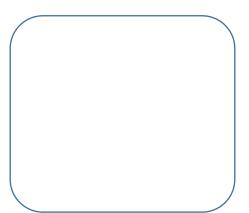
Mike is a very hardworking boy who always has lots of questions. Today, he has another new question: Why the spaceship can fly so fast? Can you help him to figure out the answer? Share your achievements with your friends, won't you?

What You've Learnt?

Adventure Diary (Self-Assessment)







2.1 First Exploration

Intro

Mike is now good friends with Mike No.1, hence they want to start their first exploration now! However, before setting out, it's necessary for Mike to learn the basic driving skills as preparation. See, Mike is invited to the interior of Mike No.1 for better understanding.

Task

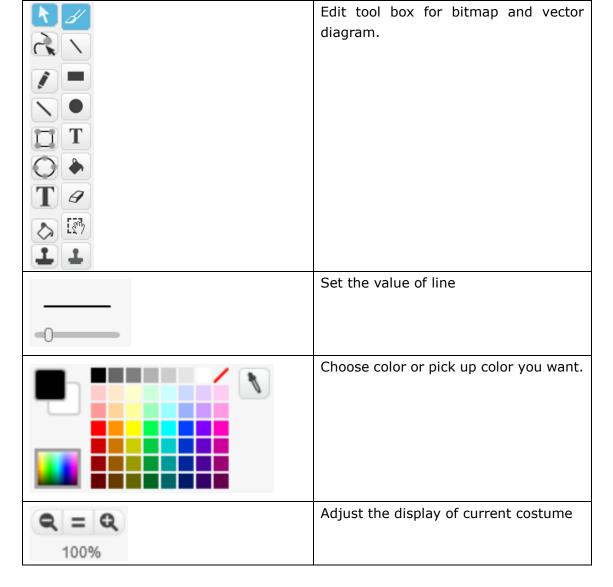
1. Try to change the costume of the sprite using Paint editor.

Start Learning

1. Edit the Costume

Each sprite owns various costumes to enrich its forms while presenting on the stage. First, let's learn the tools for creating costumes.

Tool	Explanation
Scripts Costumes Sounds	Choose "Costumes" to enter costume editing mode.
pico-a	Edit the name of different costumes to avoid confusion.
50	Undo & Redo. You can undo the previous step or redo the one which you has undone.
Clear	Clear all
Add	Add material from the Sprite Library. After that, you can modify, combine or perform other operation to diversify the sprite.
Import	Import material from local files.
0 0 0	Flip left-right & flip up-down.
+	Set the costume center. After setting the costume center, the sprite will rotate around this center every time it needs to rotate or flip.
Vector Mode Convert to bitmap	Convert the photo from bitmap to vector diagram or vice versa.



\star Practice

Use tool to import "Mike in Spaceship 1.png" and "Mike in Spaceship 2.png" to the costumes.





2. Add a Backdrop

Backdrop is where multiple sprites take actions. One **Stage** can consist multiple backdrops. Different backdrop defines the time, the location, and other info of each sprite to make the whole piece of work clear and complete.

Tool	Explanation
	Click Stage, choose the current object
	as the stage.
Chana	
Stage 1 backdrop	
Scripts Backdrops Sounds	Choose "Backdrops"



\star Practice

Add 2 backdrops for current stage:

- 1. local file "Take-off.png"
- 2. "stars" from the Backdrop Library

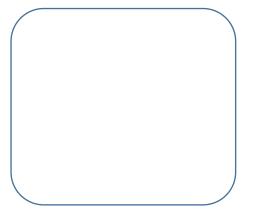
Additional Training

Try to use materials from the Costume Library to create the following 3 costumes:

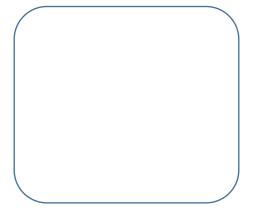


What You've Learnt?

Adventure Diary (Self-Assessment)



Gas Station (Other's Assessment)



2.2 Auto Fly

Intro

After careful study, Mike has already gained some knowledge about the interior of Mike No.1. Today, Mike No.1 plans to show its new skill of auto fly to Mike. Why not joining them?

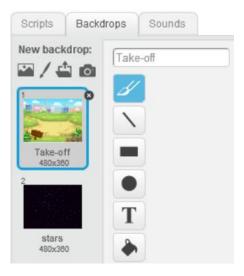
Tasks

- 1. Auto-fly of Mike No.1
- 2. Let the spaceship fly to the outer space

Start Learning

1. Switch the Backdrops

In the previous section, we've imported 2 backdrops:



Switching the backdrops when the sprites enter into different scene will improve the vitality of the work.

Block	Explanation	Example
switch backdrop to stars v	Use this block to switch backdrops when multiple backdrops are included on the stage.	wait 5 secs switch backdrop to stars v

\star Practice

Import another 2 backdrops, and switch over those 4 backdrops randomly

2. Switch Costumes

In the previous section, we've imported 2 costumes:

Scripts	Costumes	Sounds
New cost	ume: Mik	e in Spaceship 1
1		
Mike in Spa 166x36		
2	•	
-	Т	
Mike in Spa 122x36		

One sprite can only present one costume every time. However, you can achieve switching among different costumes to realize various effects.

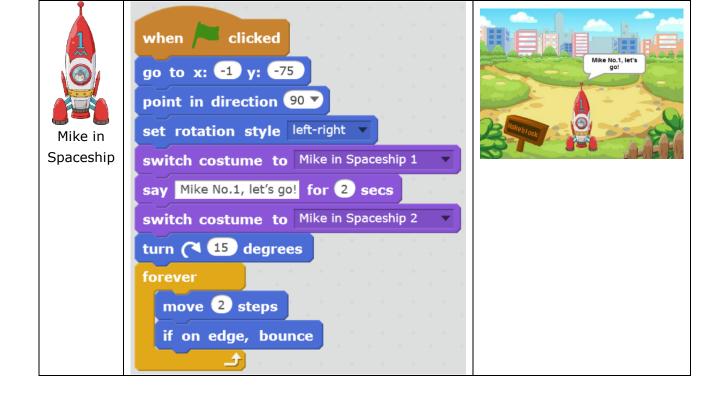
Block	Explanation	Example
switch costume to Mike in Spaceship 1 - Mike in Spaceship 1 Mike in Spaceship 2	Switch among different costumes.	switch costume to Mike in Spaceship 1 say Mike No.1, let's go! for 2 switch costume to Mike in Spaceship 2
set rotation style left-right left-right don't rotate all around if on edge, bounce	Use this block to set the rotation mode of the sprite. E.g. if the sprite is set to rotate randomly while flying, it will be more real and natural. Set the sprite to flip left and right while walking can pretend it from reversing. The sprite will bounce back when on edge.	set rotation style left-right forever move 10 steps if on edge, bounce

\star Practice

Try to switch costume using blocks mentioned above.

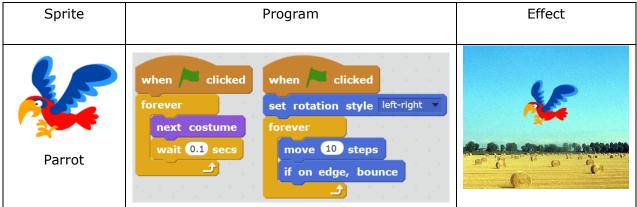
Achieve

Sprite	Program	Effect
Stage	when Clicked switch backdrop to Take-off v wait 5 secs switch backdrop to stars v	



Additional Training

Make a bird that can fly. Import "Parrot" (with 2 costumes) from the Sprite Library.





What You've Learnt?

Adventure Diary (Self-Assessment) Gas Station (Other's Assessment)





2.3 Successful Flying

Intro

In the previous section, Mike No.1 took Mike to the outer space via auto driving. Now Mike needs to learn to fly the spaceship himself, do you want to know how?

Task

1. Enable Mike to control the spaceship via keyboard and mouse

Start Learning

1. Control with Mouse

Make your work fun and interactive controlling the coordinate and movement with mouse. Let's get started now!

Block	Explanation	Example
point towards mouse-pointer -	You can enable the sprite to face towards the cursor or towards other sprites.	forever point towards mouse-pointer move 2 steps
go to mouse-pointer	Make the sprite to move to where the cursor is.	forever go to mouse-pointer

2. Control with Keyboard

Mike wants to control the flying of the spaceship with the arrow keys on the keyboard. Use "when..key pressed" from Event Module to achieve this function.

Block	Explanation	Example
when up arrow very key pressed	Choose the corresponding keys to control the program.	when up arrow v key pressed point in direction Ov move 10 steps
point in direction (90) right (-90) left (0) up (180) down	Adjusting the value here will enable the sprite to face different direction.	point in direction O move 10 steps

\star Practice

Mike has just learnt some new skills of flying the spaceship. Let's practice: make the spaceship fly 200 meters in the direction of value 90.

rightarrow Explore

1) Use arrow keys to control the spaceship to fly upwards, downwards, leftwards, and rightwards.

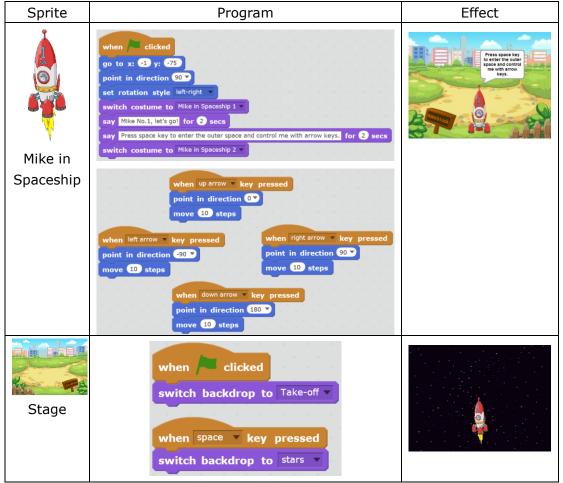
2) Can you figure out how to control the flying speed?

Achieve

		1
Sprite	Program	Effect
Mike in Spaceship	when clicked go to x: -1 y: -75 point in direction 90 set rotation style all around switch costume to Mike in Spaceship 1 say Mike No.1, let's go! for 2 secs switch costume to Mike in Spaceship 2 forever move 2 steps point towards mouse-pointer	

1. Control the Spaceship with Mouse

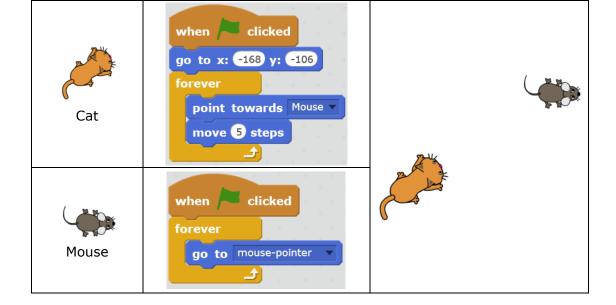
2. Control the Spaceship with Keyboard



Additional Training

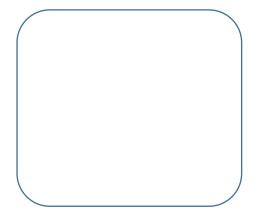
Let's play the game of "Catch Me If You Can"!

Sprite	Program	Effect
--------	---------	--------



What You've Learnt?

Adventure Diary (Self-Assessment)



Gas Station (Other's Assessment)

3.1 Magical Pen

Intro

Mike wants to draw some graphic codes. However, he doesn't even know how to use a pen!

Tasks

- 1. Teach Mike to learn how to use the pen, adjust the pen size, and adjust the color.
- 2. Create a rainbow lamp-pole.

Start Learning

1. Draw Lines

Use "Pen Down" block to draw lines

Block	Explanation	Example
pen down	Start using pen	pen down move 100 steps
pen up	Stop the pen	pen up move 20 steps pen down move 20 steps
clear	Clear all drawings	pen down move 20 steps wait 2 secs clear

★ Practice

Draw a line with the length of 100 steps

 $\mbox{$\stackrel{$}{$\propto$}$}$ Explore Try to draw a dotted line

2. Change Pen Size and Color

Block	Explanation	Example
set pen color to	Click the color square on this block, click on any color from the stage you want, then the pen will be set to the color you pick.	set pen color to pen down move 20 steps

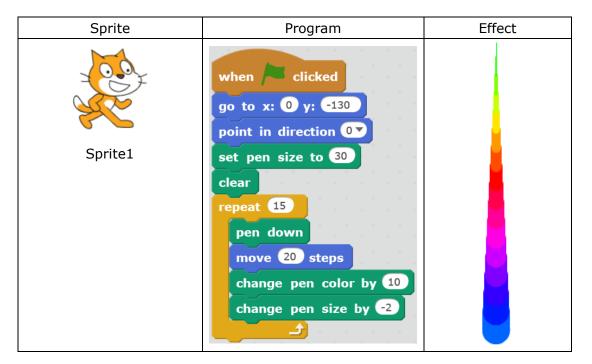
set pen size to 1	Set the size of the pen.	set pen siz	e to
_		pen down	
		move 20 s	teps

size to 8

★ Practice Try to draw a line with 2 colors.

☆ Explore Draw a rainbow line.

Achieve



Additional Training

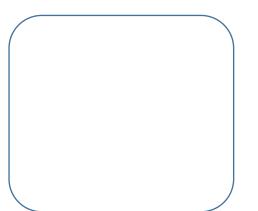
Sprite	Program	Effect
	when clicked go to x: 0 y: 0 set pen color to pen down clear	MBO
Sprite1		v -

Homework

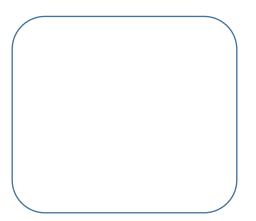
- 1. Use a plane as your sprite and draw a colorful path.
- 2. Try to find out how to use Stamp

What You've Learnt?

Adventure Diary (Self-Assessment)



Gas Station (Other's Assessment)



3.2 Polygon with Fun

Intro

Mike No.1 has transformed to a car which is going to enter into the Time Portal. However, before it enters, it needs a code. Now, let's help Mike No.1 to enter the portal!



Task

1. Get Mike familiar with all pen blocks. Use blocks like "Operators" to draw a polygon in order to get ready for the opening of the Time Portal.

Start Learning

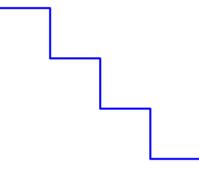
1. Draw a Square

Use pen with "Turn..degrees" block under Motion Module to draw interesting figures.

Block	Explanation	Example
turn (1 90 degrees	Rotate the sprite 90 degrees to the right. Or you can input any value of rotation.	move 100 steps turn (90 degrees move 100 steps
turn 🔊 15 degrees	Turn the sprite 15 degrees to the left.	move 50 steps turn (90 degrees move 50 steps turn (50 degrees move 50 steps
repeat 10	Repeat script contained for 10 times. Or you can input the times of repeating you want.	repeat 4 move 100 steps turn (1 90 degrees

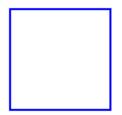
★ Practice

Set the size of the pen to 3, then draw a ladder.



rightarrow Explore

Try to draw a square which is 100 steps on a side.

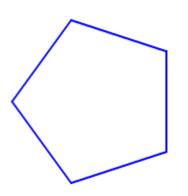


2. Draw a Regular Polygon

Block	Explanation	Example
	Division. You can input the equation directly into the numeric boxes.	turn (1 360 / 8 degrees
	Subtraction	say 180 - 72 for 2 secs
0-070	Mixed calculations	turn (1 180 - 180 / 5) degrees

★ Practice

Draw a regular pentagon.

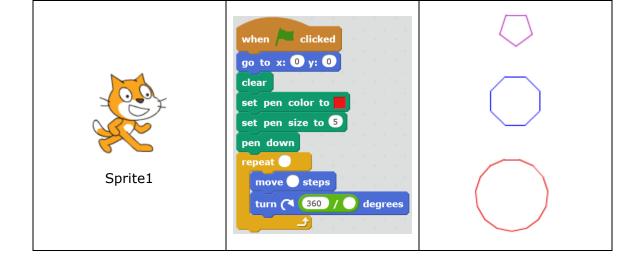


 $\nexists \text{ Explore}$

Set the pen size to 5 and draw a red regular dodecagon which is 20 steps on a side.

Achieve

Sprite Program Effect

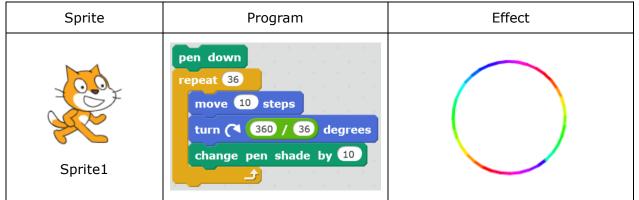


Tips

- Repeat time equals to the sides of the regular polygon. •
- The length of the sides represents the moving steps.
- With the sum of exterior angles of a polygon being 360 degrees, you can calculate the rotation angle of your sprite by dividing 360 by the number of sides.

Additional Training

Let's draw the following colorful circle!



Homework

Now you've learnt how to draw a circle, but do you know how to draw a semi-circle? Come on and have a try!

What You've Learnt?

Adventure Diary (Self-Assessment) Gas Station (Other's Assessment)





3.3 Open the Time Portal

Intro

So far, Mike has already mastered the method of drawing. Today, he needs to challenge himself to open the Time Portal.



Task

1. The code of passing the Time Portal is an arch made up of 18 five-pointed stars. Mike needs to draw the arch using the knowledge he has. Let's cheer for him!

Start Learning

1. Draw a Five-Pointed Star

Draw a five-pointed star using Pen and Operator blocks.

Block	Explanation	Example
0-0	Subtraction	say 180 - 72 for 2 secs
0-070	Mixed Calculations	turn (1 180 - 180 / 5) degrees

 \star Practice

Try to draw a five-pointed star which is 150 steps on a side.

2. Make a Block

Make a Block is the new function in Scratch 2.0. You can make and name a block which consists often-used script of a sprite.

Block	Explanation	Example
define Five-Pointed Star	Choose "More Blocks" under Scripts Module. Click on "Make a Block" and enter the name "Five-Pointed Star".	define Five-Pointed Star pen down repeat 5 move 25 steps turn (* 180 - 180 / 5 degrees change pen color by 20 pen up

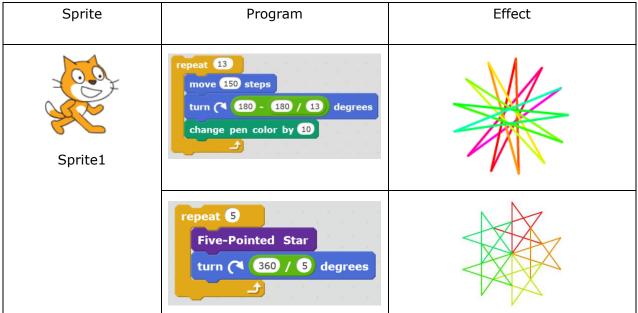
Import the "Time Portal.png" from the local file.

Achieve

Sprite	Program	Effect
Mike	when / clicked go to x: -157 y: -80 clear set pen size to 3 point in direction 0 repeat 18 move 30 steps turn (360 / 36 degrees Five-Pointed Star point in direction 90 pen up go to x: -13 y: -25	

Additional Training

Try to draw a colorful multi-pointed star and a diagram made up of 5 five-pointed stars in 5 different colors.



Tips

The formula of counting the rotation angle while drawing a multi-pointed star is: 180-(180/angle number of the multi-pointed star). And the number should be always an odd.

What You've Learnt?





4.1 Fly Mike No.1

Intro

Mike entered the Time Portal flying Mike No.1. In the portal, he saw a giant maze which contained lots of obstacles that might stop Mike No.1 from passing through. What we need to do now is help Mike No.1 avoid those obstacles.

Task

1. Manually control Mike No.1 and make it through the maze.

Start Learning

Use direction keys to control the flying of Mike No.1 in the maze.

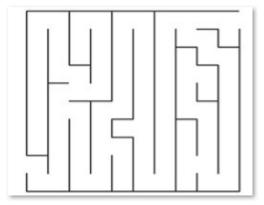
Block	Explanation	Example
when up arrow v key pressed	When "Up Arrow" is pressed	when up arrow v key pressed point in direction Ov
point in direction Ov	The sprite will face upwards	move 2 steps

★ Practice

Make this happen: When the space key is pressed, Mike will talk to us.

☆ Explore

Import 2 photos: "Maze.png" and "Transformation.png"



Maze.png



Transformation.png

Achieve

Sprite	Program	Effect
	when up arrow key pressed point in direction (***) move 💽 steps	
Transfo rmatio	when left arrow key pressed point in direction GO go to x: 219 y: -118 point in direction go move 2 steps point in direction GO go move 2 steps point in direction GO	
n	when down arrow - key pressed point in direction 1000 more 🕑 steps	

Additional Training

Create a "Keyboard Response Program": when **a** is pressed, the sprite will say "You've pressed a", when **b** is pressed, the sprite will say "you've pressed b", and so on.

Sprite	Program	Effect
Sprite1	when a v key pressed say join You've pressed a when b v key pressed say join You've pressed b when c v key pressed say join You've pressed c	You've pressed c

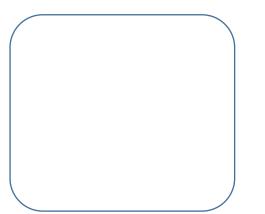
Homework

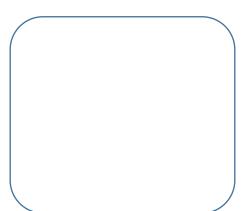
Create 2 sprites on the same stage, one being controlled by direction keys and the other one controlled by ASDW keys.

What You've Learnt?

Adventure Diary (Self-Assessment)

Gas Station (Other's Assessment)





4.2 Pass Through the Maze with Tactics.

Intro

Mike No.1 is in the maze now. However, it requires carefulness and tactics to pass through since it's an ultra complicated maze.

Task

- 1. Never touch the walls of the maze
- 2. Avoid the bat-guardians in the maze
- 3. Don't get struck by the lightning
- 4. Any issue mentioned above happens, Mike No.1 needs to get back to the starting point.

Start Learning

1. Single Branch

It's required that Mike No.1 shouldn't touch any walls of the maze, but how do we know whether Mike No.1 has touched the wall or not?

Block	Explanation	Example
	Single Branch	
	Conditional-Block.	
if then	If it matches the	
	condition, then the	
	script contained	when clicked
	will be activated.	go to front
touching color ?	Condition	move 100 steps if touching color ? then
		say This is purple!
	If the sprite	
if touching color ? then say This is purple!	touches purple, it	
	will say a set	
	sentence.	

\star Practice

If Mike touches black lines, he will say "It's black".

\therefore Explore

When Mike No.1 is on the edge of the stage, it will say "There's no place to go."

2. Dual Branch

Block	Explanation	Example
if then else	Dual Branch Conditional Block. If it matches the condition, then the script contained will	when clicked forever if key space pressed? then say Space key is pressed else say Space key is not pressed

	be activated.	
	Otherwise, the	
	script in the	
	"Else" block	
	will be	
	activated.	
key space v pressed?	Condition:	
key option presseu:	Whether the	
	space key has	
	been pressed.	

★ Practice

Check whether the Up Key has been pressed.

$\nexists \text{ Explore}$

Press the Right Arrow key to draw a straight line.

3. Operators

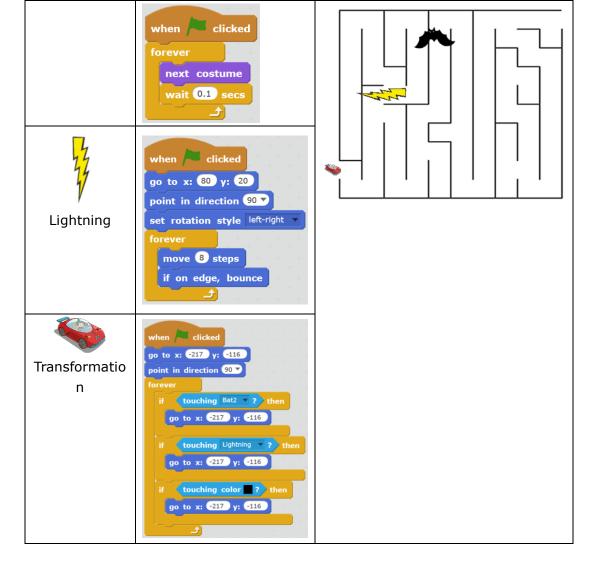
Block	Explanation	Example
	"and" block	
	means both of	
and	the two	touching mouse-pointer ? and touching color ??
	requirements	
	must be met.	
	"or" block	
or	means either	
	of the 2	touching mouse-pointer ? or touching color ?
	requirements	
	must be met.	
not	"not" block	
not	means the	
	condition it	not touching mouse-pointer - ?
	contains	
	should not be	
	met.	

Achieve

While Mike No.1 is moving in the maze, if it touches a black wall, a bat, or a lightning, it will have to get back to its starting point.

Import "Bat2" and "Lightning" from the Sprite Library. (Lightning needs to be adjusted to be in horizontal direction)

Sprite	Program	Effect
	when Clicked	
Bat2	glide 5 secs to x: pick rando ے	m -240 to 240 y: pick random -180 to 180



Tips

Regarding the "touch or not" condition, we can use another simple way:

when 🏴 dicked		
go to x: -217 y: -116		
point in direction 90 🔻		
forever		
if touching Bat2 ? or	ouching Lightning ? or touching color 2?	then
if touching Bat2 ? or go to x: -217 y: -116	ouching Lightning ? or touching color 2?	

Homework

Challenge yourself to make an even more complicated maze with more obstacles.

What You've Learnt?

Adventure Diary (Self-Assessment) Gas Station (Other's Assessment)





4.3 Successful Escape

Intro

Mike is going to escape successfully soon with Mike No.1. What's waiting for them? Challenges? Or more danger?

Task

1. Stop the program when Mike No.1 reaches the destination.

Start Learning

Block	Explanation	Example
stop all V	Stop the whole program	forever if mouse down? then
touching Bat2 • ?	Condition	stop all

rightarrow Explore

Explore the function of every option by yourself.



Achieve

Let's create a sprite which represents the destination of the maze, and use it to decide whether Mike No.1 has reached the destination.

Sprite	Program	Effect
End	when clicked forever if touching Transformation ? then stop all .	

What You've Learnt?

Adventure Diary (Self-Assessment)





5.1 The Forest of Change

Intro

After leaving the maze, Mike with Mike No.1 ventured into a forest. It's a magical forest which kept changing itself into a wave, a desert, or a forest with beasts.



Task

1. Realize the effect of changing forest via switching different backdrops.

Start Learning

The goal of changing forest can be achieved by switching backdrops. Import local file "forest.png", and import "desert" and "wave" from the Backdrop Library.

Block	Explanation	Example
switch backdrop to Wave Forest desert wave next backdrop previous backdrop	Switch to different backdrop.	Porest 480x380 2 desert 480x380 3 wave 480x380

\star Practice

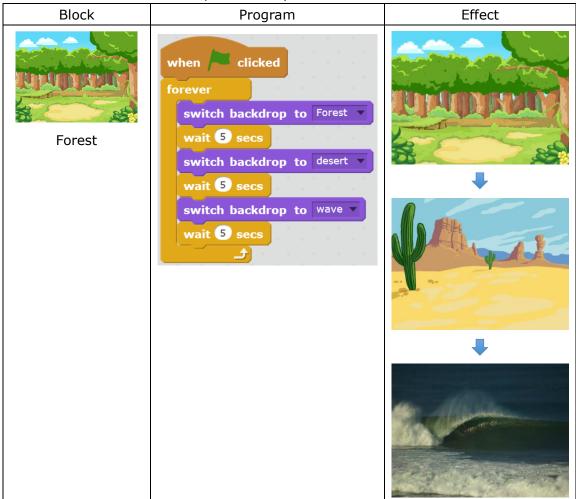
- 1. Make the backdrop change once every 1 second.
- 2. Import "Forest.png" from local file.
- 3. Import "desert" and "Wave" from Backdrop Library.

 $\stackrel{\scriptscriptstyle \wedge}{\asymp} \mathsf{Explore}$

Challenge yourself to make this happen: switch to different backdrop according to the corresponding different key.

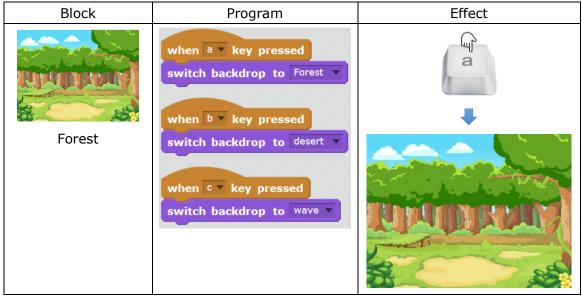
Achieve

Switch to a different backdrop once every 5 seconds.



Additional Training

Design a program which can switch the backdrop using different keys.



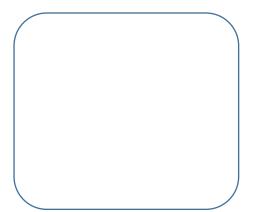
Homework

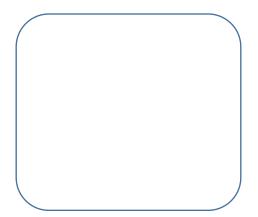
In addition to using keys, try to use other methods of changing backdrops, e.g.



What You've Learnt?

Adventure Diary (Self-Assessment)





5.2 Smart Mike No.1

Intro

Mike No.1 is actually a smart spaceship which can transform into a ship when gets flooded and transform to a magical carpet when in desert.

Task

1. Design a program to realize the goal of switching backdrops, and broadcasting messages.

Start Learning

Broadcast function is to coordinate the interaction among multiple sprites. This function requires both broadcast blocks and receive blocks.

Block	Explanation	Example
	Broadcast a	Create a new message
broadcast message1 🔻	message to all	
	sprites.	when I receive message1
when I receive message1 v		message1 new message
		Sprite A broadcast the message of
	Receive a	"Success".
	message. This is also the	broadcast Success 🔻
	initiative block	Sprite B will perform the
	of the script.	corresponding script after
		receiving "Success"
		when I receive Success

★ Practice

1) Import 2 sprites, one of which is in charge of broadcasting and the other one receiving.

2) Explore to find out the difference between

broadcast message1 rand wait

and

broadcast message1 -

 \Leftrightarrow Explore

- 1) Import 3 sprites and enable them to pass messages in turn.
- 2) Think: Can the sprite which broadcasts the message receive its own message?

Achieve

When the backdrop is switched, inform Mike No.1 to change its costume. Create a new sprite with 3 costumes: "Mike in Spaceship 1.png" (from local file), "sail-boat", and "magiccarpet" from the library.

<u> </u>	•	
Sprite	Program	Effect



Tips

In addition to broadcast blocks, you can also use achieve the same effect.



to

Homework

Use broadcast blocks to make the spaceship take off and land on.

What You've Learnt?

Adventure Diary (Self-Assessment)



5.3 Transformation of Mike No.1

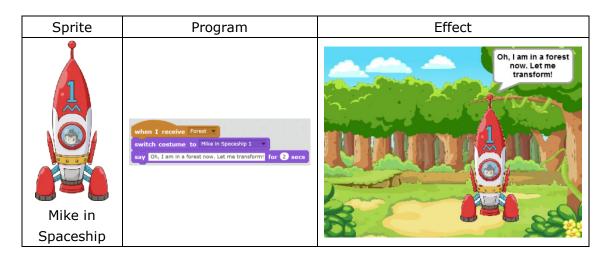
Intro

Mike No.1 has encountered various trouble and harsh situations in the forest, what should Mike do to deal with the problems?

Task

1. Write a program which enables Mike No.1 to receive messages and transform its costume accordingly.

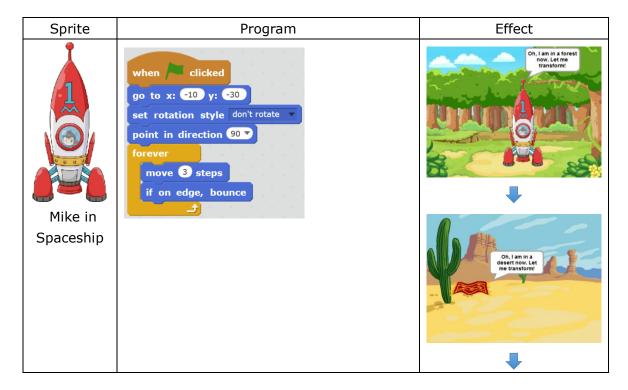
Start Learning

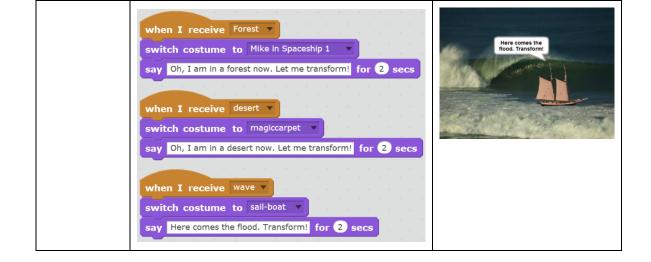


\star Practice

Program to achieve the goal of switching backdrops. Broadcast a message of "Desert" and make Mike speak and transform after receiving the message.

Achieve





Additional Training

Program to realize the goal of switching backdrops via user's input. (Tips: Use "ask..and wait" block)

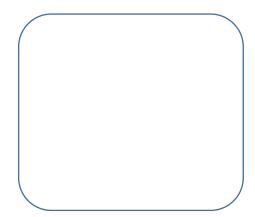
Sprite	Program	Effect
	ask What's the next backdrop? and wait switch backdrop to answer	What's the next backdrop?
Mike in		
Spaceship		

Homework

Add more backdrops and bring more changes to Mike No.1

What You've Learnt?

Adventure Diary (Self-Assessment)



6.1 Dancing Indians

Intro

After arriving at the forest, Mike came across a bunch of friendly aborigine who were celebrating a local festival. Mike was invited and became friends with them. Look, Mike was dancing!



Task

1. Import the costumes of an aborigine and program him to dance.

Start Learning

Block	Explanation	Example
switch costume to costume1 - costume1 costume2	Switch costume to costume	forever switch costume to costume1 wait 1 secs switch costume to costume2 wait 1 secs
next costume	Switch to the next costume. (Note: If the sprite's current costume is its last costume, the program will switch the costume to the first one automatically)	forever next costume wait 1 secs

\star Practice

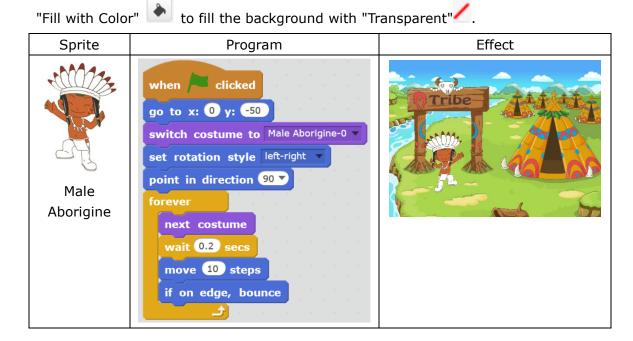
Upload multiple costumes and program a script which enables the costumes to switch randomly.

Achieve

Program the aborigine to dance and walk simultaneously. Upload the sprite "Male

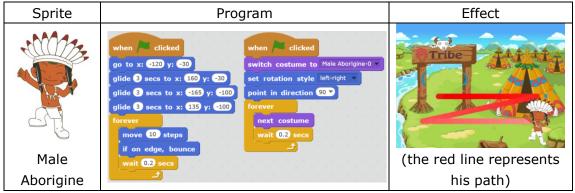
Aborigine.gif" and import "Tribe.png" from local file.

Note: the first costume of the male aborigine comes with white background. Use



Additional Training

Design a "Z" dance as the opening and then enable the aborigine to dance and walk simultaneously.



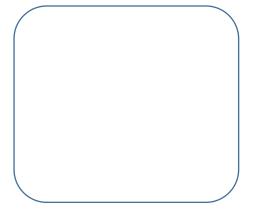
Homework

1. Design more opening dances, such as M shape, H shape, and add the subsequent dance after the opening.

2. Upload "Female Aborigine.gif" and replicate more sprites to create a group dance!

What You've Learnt?

Adventure Diary (Self-Assessment)





6.2 Happy Performer

Intro

Having seen the gorgeous dance of those aborigines, Mike really wants to accompany them. Now, let's learn how to play music!

Task

1. Teach Mike how to play music, both manually and automatically, and how to import/export a list.

Start Learning

1. Scratch 2.0 Sound Module

Scratch 2.0 comes with sound module which enables us to play beautiful music.

Block	Explanation	Example
set instrument to 1	Scratch2.0 provides 21 types of instruments, including piano, violin, etc.	when Clicked set instrument to 1
play note 60 for 0.5 beats	Set the beats	set volume to 100 % play note 60 for 0.5 beats play note 65 for 0.5 beats
set volume to 100 %	Set the volume	play flore 03 for 0.3 bears

★ Practice

Choose one instrument you like and use 4, 5, 6, 7 (do, re, mi, fa, so, la, ti).



☆ Explore

Program to control the playing via keyboard. See the below diagram which plays "do".



2. Auto Play

Mike has known how to play a single note, but will him be able to auto play a song? Let's first practice how to play the notes of "Twinkle, twinkle, little star, how I wonder what you are". There are 2 ways:

1) Pile up single note

set tempo to 100 bpm
play note 60 for 0.5 beats
play note 60 for 0.5 beats
play note 677 for 0.5 beats
play note 677 for 0.5 beats
play note $69 $ for 0.5 beats
play note 69T for 0.5 beats
play note 677 for 1 beats
play note 657 for 0.5 beats
play note 657 for 0.5 beats
play note 64T for 0.5 beats
play note 64T for 0.5 beats
play note $62 \checkmark$ for 0.5 beats
play note $62 \checkmark$ for 0.5 beats
play note 60▼ for 1 beats

2) Make a List

List can store a great deal of data, thus we can save the consecutive notes into a list. See the below diagram: Click "Data" - "Make a List" - name it as "Little Star", and "Ok" to save.

New List			
List name: Little Star			
For all sprites			
OK Cancel			

Then you will see a list on the stage. Click "+" to add a note.



Block	Explanation	Example
add thing to Little Star v insert thing at 1 v of Little Star v	Add data to the list.	Little Star 1 60 2 60 3 67
delete 17 of Little Star	Delete from the list.	4 67 5 69 6 69
replace item 1 of Little Star vith thing	Replace one item from the list.	6 69 7 67 8 65 9 65
item 1 v of Little Star v length of Little Star v Little Star v contains thing ?	Read one specific item from the list; Get the length of the list; Determine whether the list	10 64 11 64 12 62 13 62 14 60 + length: 14

specific item.		contains	а	
		specific item.		

★ Practice

Upload "Mike.png".				
Program	Effect			
when I dicked go back 1 layers forever play note item 1 of Little Star for 0.5 beats play note item 2 of Little Star for 0.5 beats play note item 3 of Little Star for 0.5 beats play note item 6 of Little Star for 0.5 beats play note item 6 of Little Star for 0.5 beats play note item 6 of Little Star for 0.5 beats play note item 6 of Little Star for 0.5 beats play note item 6 of Little Star for 0.5 beats play note item 9 of Little Star for 0.5 beats play note item 9 of Little Star for 0.5 beats play note item 10 of Little Star for 0.5 beats play note item 11 of Little Star for 0.5 beats play note item 11 of Little Star for 0.5 beats play note item 11 of Little Star for 0.5 beats	Effect			
play note item 13 of Little Star v for 0.5 beats				
play note item 14 of Little Star for 1 beats				
	Program when / dicked go back 1 layers forever play note item 1 of Little Star * for 0.5 beats play note item 2 of Little Star * for 0.5 beats play note item 3 of Little Star * for 0.5 beats play note item 5 of Little Star * for 0.5 beats play note item 6 of Little Star * for 0.5 beats play note item 7 of Little Star * for 0.5 beats play note item 9 of Little Star * for 0.5 beats play note item 9 of Little Star * for 0.5 beats play note item 10 of Little Star * for 0.5 beats play note item 11 * of Little Star * for 0.5 beats play note item 11 * of Little Star * for 0.5 beats play note item 11 * of Little Star * for 0.5 beats play note item 11 * of Little Star * for 0.5 beats play note item 11 * of Little Star * for 0.5 beats play note item 11 * of Little Star * for 0.5 beats play note item 12 * of Little Star * for 0.5 beats			

Additional Training

We may find out that we are actually using the same blocks repeatedly except the numbers may be different from each other. Can we find a way to eliminate these reduplications by looping? Can we add a beat-list to make the playing smooth? (Tips: create a new variable)

Sprite	Program	Effect
Mike	when clicked set instrument to 18 v set tempo to 150 bpm set order v to 1 repeat length of notes v play note item order of notes v for item order of beats v beats change order v by 1	notes beats 1 60 1 1 2 60 3 0.5 3 60 4 1 5 60 5 0.5 6 60 6 0.5 7 64 2 1 2 6.5 7 1 4 10 5 0.5 6 60 7 1 2 6.5 7 1 4 1 39 + length: 39

Tips

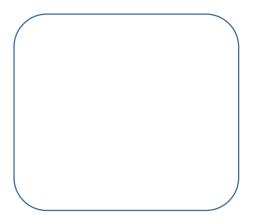


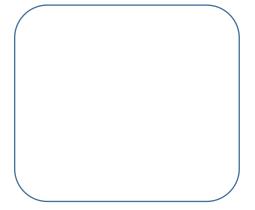
Homework

Program to play the whole song of *Twinkle Twinkle Little Star*.

What You've Learnt?

Adventure Diary (Self-Assessment) Gas Station (Other's Assessment)





6.3 Carnival in the Forest

Intro

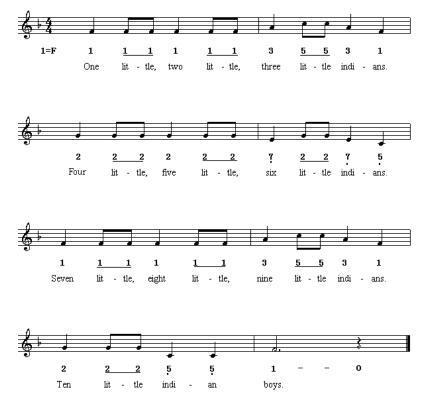
Exciting dance from the aborigines and the beautiful music played by Mike, how wonderful it is! Let's make it happen in Scratch 2.0 now!

Tasks

- 1. Achieve auto-play via importing external txt file into the list
- 2. Use "ask.. and wait" block to achieve interaction between man and the computer.

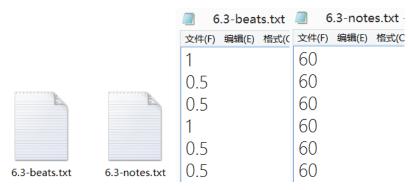
Start Learning

Here's the numbered musical notation of a cute song Ten Little Indians



Ten little Indians

Then let's create 2 txt files for notes and beats.



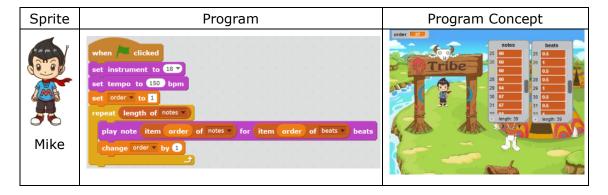
Import the 2 texts into the list.



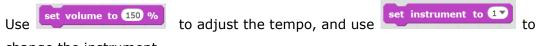
★ Practice

Use what you've learnt from the last section to create an auto-play program.

Achieve



Tips



change the instrument.

Additional Training

Use "ask... and wait" block to create an interactive program between man and the computer.

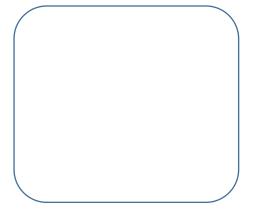
Sprite	Program	Effect
Mike	ask What instrument should I choose? (1. Plano; 2. Electronic keyboard.) and wait set instrument to answer	What instrument should I choose? (I.Piano: 2. Electronic keyboard.)

Homework

Play another song using the list. You can also compose your own song!

What You've Learnt?

Adventure Diary (Self-Assessment) Gas Station (Other's Assessment)





7.1 Volcano of Candies

Intro

It's the harvest season for the aborigines when Mike arrived their land. There's a dangerous volcano which kept spraying candies. Mike was asked by the aborigines to help them collect those candies from the volcano. Of course, Mike said yes and decided to go to the candy volcano flying Mike No.1.

Task

1. Design a volcano which can spray candies.

Start Learning

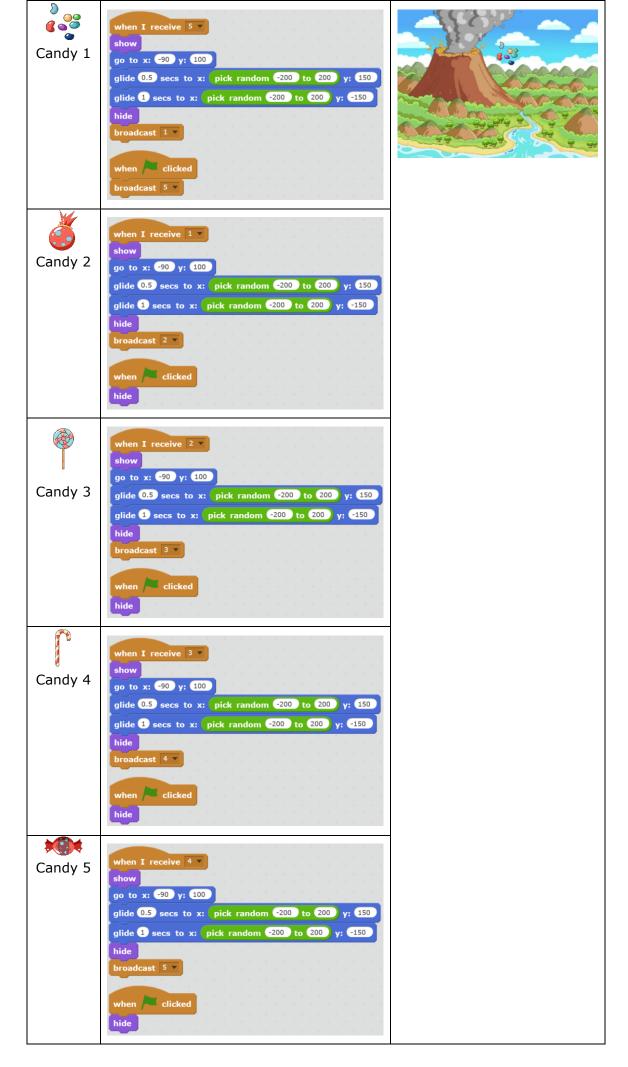
Block	Explanation	Example
create clone of myself v when I start as a clone	Create clone for the sprite you choose. The cloned sprite is called "Clone", which inherits all the attribute and script of the original sprite. The Clone will start operating from this	when dicked repeat 5 create done of myself wait 1 secs when I start as a done forever if mouse down? then delete this done
delete this clone	block. Each Clone can possess various of this block. Delete the Clone when it is not needed.	when I start as a done point in direction pick random () to () set rotation style [eft-right = forever move (1) steps if on edge, bounce

Achieve

Firstly, import backdrop "Candy Volcano.png" and then five sprites "Candy 1.png", "Candy 2.png", "Candy 3.png", "Candy 4.png" and "Candy 5.png".

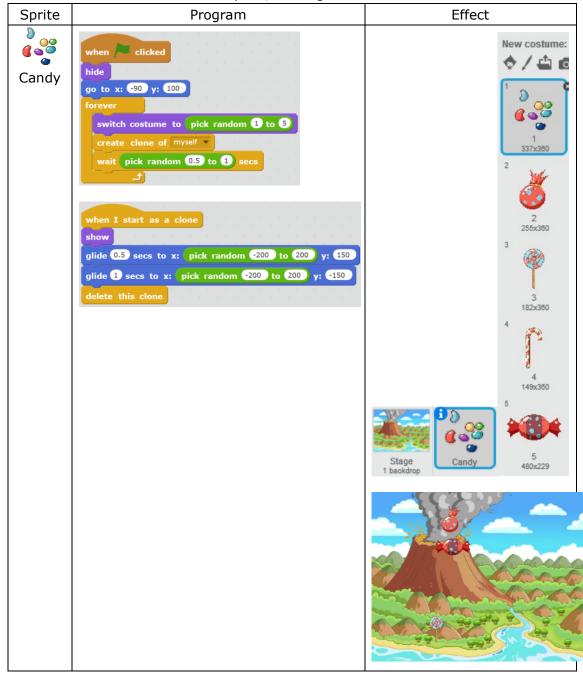
1. Let's us	se broadcast	function to	o achieve	the effect	of volcano	spraying car	ndies.

		1 , 3
Sprite	Program	Effect

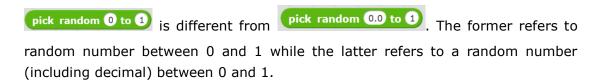


2. Now we've achieve the effect of candies spurting one by one, but it's not quite smooth and natural. For instance, the time interval between candy and candy is the

same; only one candy is spurted; or the order of candies always remains the same. Meanwhile, we can find out that the logic behind all the 5 candies are basically the same. To solve this issue, we need to use clone block. This time, we will use the 5 candies as the 5 costumes of a sprite, naming them as 1 to 5.



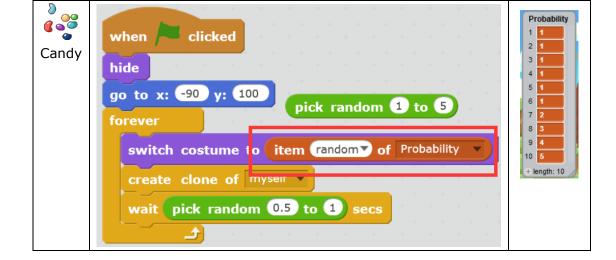
Tips



Additional Training

How to make one specified candy appears more times than the others? We can use a list to change the frequency set by the "pick random..to..".

Sprite Program Effect

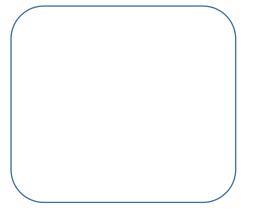


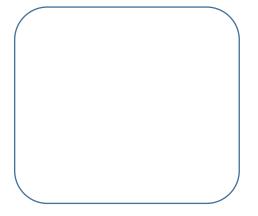
Homework

- 1. How to make the eruption of the volcano more frequent?
- 2. How to program the volcano to spray not only candies but also some other items?

What You've Learnt?

Adventure Diary (Self-Assessment)





7.2 Catch the Candies

Intro

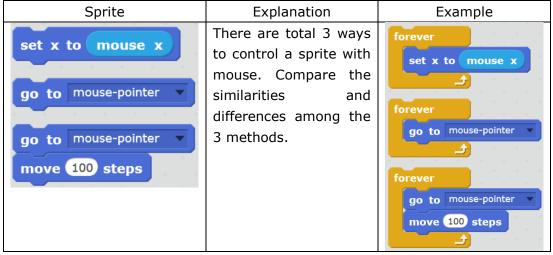
Mike has arrived beside the volcano already and he wants to catch the candies by controlling Mike No.1 with mouse.

Task

1. Design a program that enables the mouse to control Mike No.1 to catch candies. Meanwhile, add scoring function.

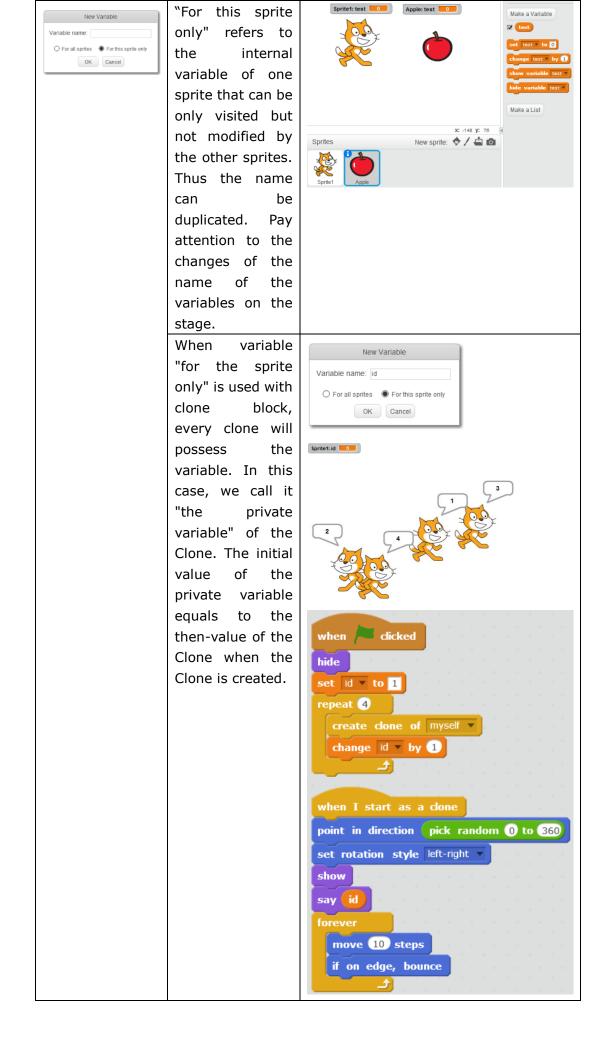
Start Learning

1. Make the sprite move with the mouse



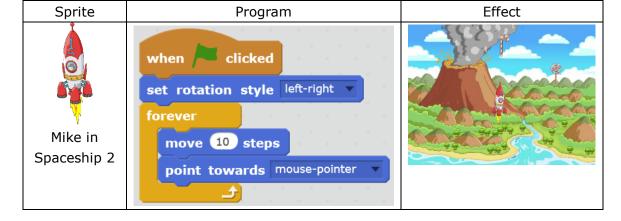
2. Private Variable of a Clone

Block	Explanation	Example
New Variable Variable name: For all sprite OF this sprite only OK Cancel	While creating a new variable, "For all sprites" refers to the variable that can be visited and modified by all sprites in this program. Thus no duplication of names is allowed.	Image: search of the search



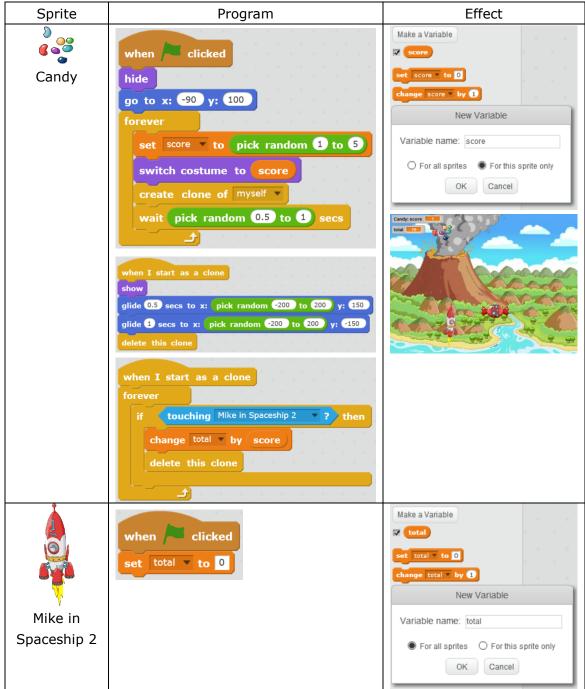
Achieve

1. Control the Spaceship with mouse Import "Mike in Spaceship 2.png".



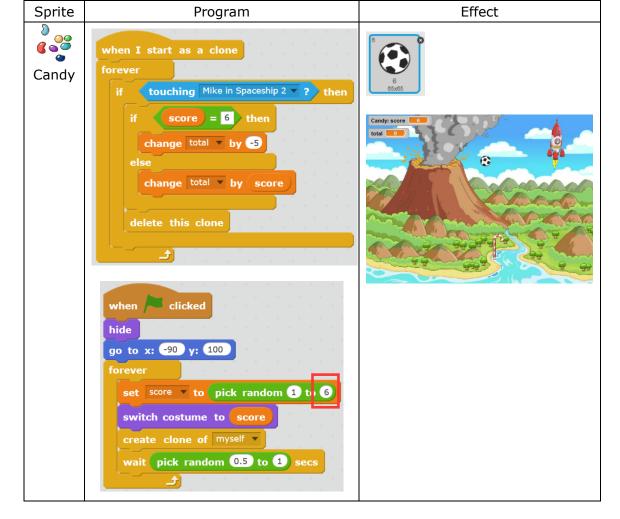
2. Achieve the Functionality of Scoring

Assume every candy stands for different scores, 1 point for Candy 1, 2 points for Candy 2, and so on. Then each clone of the candy requires a private variable to represent its score. In the meantime, we also need an overall variable "for all sprites".



Additional Training

To get a point-deduction sprite, all we need is to do some modifications on the program.

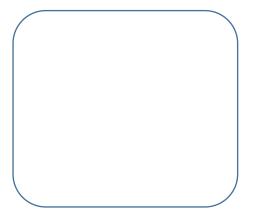


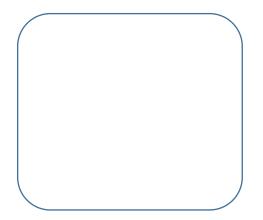
Homework

- 1. Achieve the effect of candies falling down and rotating simultaneously.
- 2. Utter a sound every time one candy is collected.

What You've Learnt?

Adventure Diary (Self-Assessment)





7.3 Harvest!

Intro

The eruption of the volcano will only last for 30 seconds. Mike needs to catch 20 candies in 30 seconds and bring them back to the camp of the aborigines, otherwise he will fail his mission.

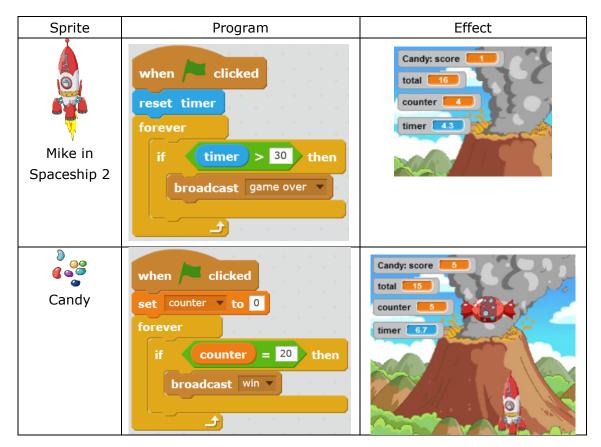
Task

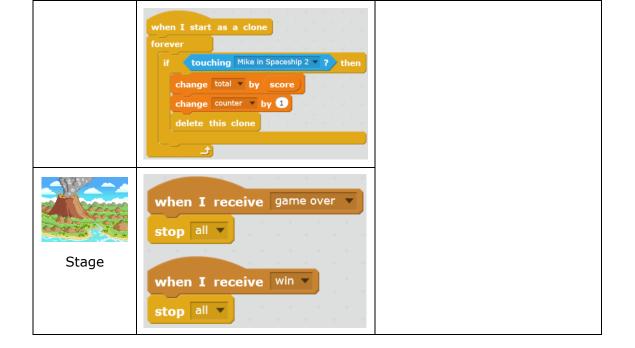
1. Use Timer and Variable to control the program. Switch the backdrop when the mission accomplished or failed.

Start Learning

Block	Explanation	Example
timer	Timer is a variable for counting time. The unit here is second.	if timer > 30 then
reset timer	Rest the timer and start counting again.	when a clicked reset timer

Achieve





Tips

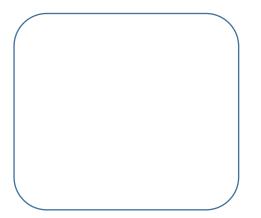
Tick before \blacksquare to turn on the timer on the stage.

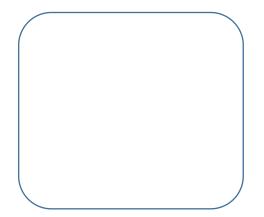
Homework

Please design the animation after the stage receive the message of "Game Over" or "Win". For instance, you can design like this: If the mission is accomplished, Mike will go straight back to the camp; if he fails, there will be a text prompt on the screen.

What You've Learnt?

Adventure Diary (Self-Assessment)





8.1 Magical Camera

Intro

Just now Mike saw a display screen inside of the Mike No.1. And now he wants to talk to Mike No.1 thru it, do you know how?

Task

1. Realize the goal of video interaction

Start Learning

1. Video Interaction

Mike turned on the video and communicated with Mike No.1 through the display. Let's first get familiar with the blocks we will use in this section.

Block	Explanation	Example
turn video on v	Turn on the camera	when clicked turn video on v
set video transparency to 50 %	Set the transparency of the camera from 0 to 100. 0 for non-transparent and 100 stands for completely transparent.	when Clicked turn video on v set video transparency to 0 %
video motion v on this sprite v	The motion of the item on the video.	video motion v on this sprite v > 10

★ Practice

Turn on your camera, and compare the effect when the transparency is set at 0, 50, and 100.

☆ Explore

Can you find other methods to turn on the camera in Scratch 2.0?

Sprite	Animation	Scratch Script
Space	Click the green flag to turn on	Events: When Green Flag is clicked
ship	the camera;	Looks: Say
	Set the transparency;	Control: Repeat, ifthen
	When the motion value of the	Sensing: Turn video on, Set video
	item/sprite on the video is	transparency to, Video motion on
	detected to be over 10, say	sprite
	"Hi, I am Mike No.1".	Operator:>
	My plan:	
		My Script:

2. Interact with Mike No.1

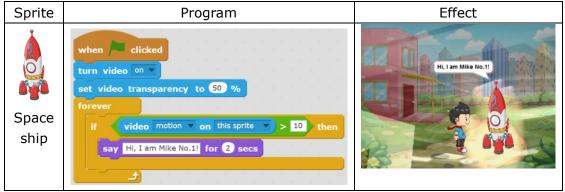
 \leftrightarrows Explore Write the script according to the designed animation scene.

Tips

The motion detection function of the video can detect the moving speed and direction of the user. It can be applied to the script of the stage or the sprite. This function is realized by the principle of "optical flow". If you are interested in this, use a searching engine to get more info.

Achieve

Import "Mike's side face.png", "Spaceship.png" and the backdrop "Encounter.png".



Additional Training

Achieve a more marvelous effect combining other blocks, e.g. If the motion is over 10, the spaceship will change its color.

Sprite	Program	Effect
Space ship	when clicked turn video on set video transparency to 50 % forever if video motion on this sprite > 10 then set color effect to 50 wait 2 secs else set color effect to 0	

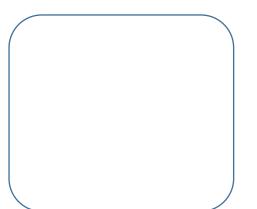
Homework

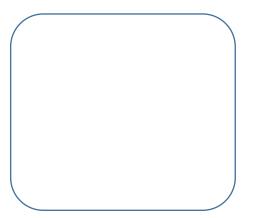
1. Use the interaction function of video to create an electronic reading machine which can read the pronunciation when a letter is touched.

2. Upload your work to the official website of Scratch, and share with others from all over the world!

What You've Learnt?

Adventure Diary (Self-Assessment)





8.2 Catch the Candies

Intro

Mike's so happy that he finally learnt how to control Mike No.1 via video. Now he wants to catch the rest of the candies by using this function.

Task

1. Enable Mike to control Mike No.1 by video, hence to realize the goal of catching candies.

Start Learning

Design the script for the scenario of catching candies by hands in the video.

Sprite	Animation Scene	Scratch Script
Candy	The number of the candy is 0 when	Events: When Green Flag is
	the green flag is clicked;	Clicked
	Turn on the video and set the	Data: Variable
	transparency at 50;	Looks: Hide, Show
	When the motion value of the sprite	Control: Repeat, If then
	on the video is detected to be over	Motion: Coordinate
	30, hide itself and increase the	Operator: Pick random
	candy number to 1.	to ,>
	After 1 to 2 seconds, the sprite will	Sensing: Turn video on, Set video
	re-appear on the stage and repeat	transparency to, Video motion on
	the same process.	sprite
	My plan	My Script

Share

Tell me, what's your most satisfied work?

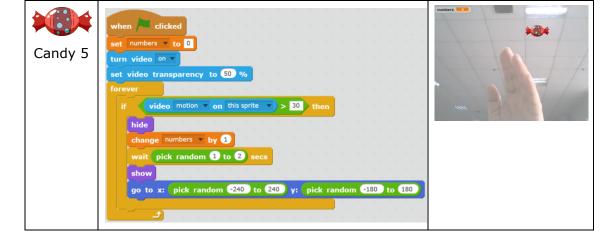
rightarrow Explore

Try to create a game of catching candies by hand in video.

Achieve

Import "Candy 5.png"

Sprite	Program	Effect
L		



If any candy is not collected within 2 seconds, it will disappear and one point will be deducted.

Sprite	Program	Effect
Candy 5	<pre>when dicked set numbers to 0 turn video on set video transparency to 50 % reset timer forever go to x: pick random 240 to 240 y: pick random 280 to 180 show set current to timer wait until touched = 1 or timer - current > 2 if touched = 1 then change numbers by 1 hide wait pick random 1 to 2 secs else change numbers by 1 set touched to 0</pre>	numbers 27 touched 0 current 5577
	when dicked show set touched to 0 forever if video motion on this sprite > 50 then set touched to 1	

Tips

The lower the motion value of the video is, the more sensitive the image is. Factors including illumination, posture, obstacle will affect the value of the motion detection from the video. Therefore our head portrait should stay away from the video area and stay put while catching candies with hands.

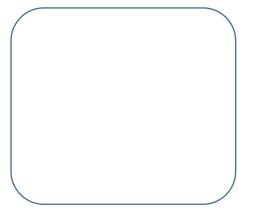
Homework

- 1. Create more candies on the stage using the clone function
- 2. Program like this: Variety types of candies will appear on the stage and

corresponding points will be deducted if a "bad candy" is touched.

What You've Learnt?

Adventure Diary (Self-Assessment)





8.3 Avoid the Aliens

Intro

While Mike's collecting candies, the aliens showed up and attacked the tribe of the aborigines. Mike now needs to avoid the UFO and flies Mike No.1 to the tribe.

Task

1. Enable Mike control the moving of Mike No.1 via video.

Start Learning

1. Video Interaction

Block	Explanation	Example
video direction v on this sprite v	When the direction of	video direction v on this sprite v > 0
	the sprite in the video is	
	Up and Right, then	
	positive value; Down	
	and Left, negative.	

2. Mike No.1 Moves According to the Direction in the Video

Sprite	Animation Scene	Scratch Script
Mike	The spaceship will move to the starting	Event: When the Green
No.1	point and appear on the stage when the	Flag is Clicked
	green flag is clicked;	Looks: Show
	Turn on the video, set the transparency	Motion: Coordinate
	at 50;	Sensing: Turn video on,
	When the motion direction value is > 0 ,	Set transparency, Video
	change x by 3;	direction on the sprite
	When the motion direction value is < 0 ,	Operator: >, <
	change x by -3	Control: Ifthen,
	Repeat;	Repeat
	My plan	My script

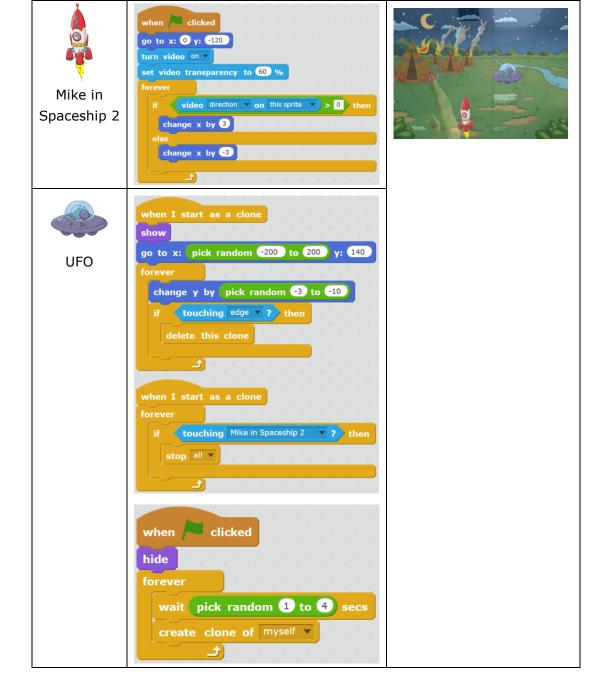
\Leftrightarrow Explore

Create a script according to the designed animation scene.

Achieve

Import backdrop "attack.png", and sprite "UFO.png", "Mike in Spaceship 2.png".

Sprite Program	Effect
----------------	--------



Tips

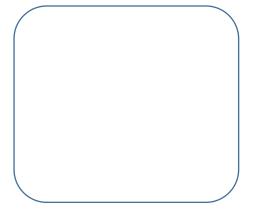
Edges refer to the 4 sides of the stage. If the UFO touches the top edge, it will hide directly instead of moving downwards. Thus we should not put the aliens close to the top edge at the beginning of the script.

Homework

- 1. Increase the frequency of the UFO.
- 2. Try other script (effect) for scene of the Spaceship bumping into the UFO.

What You've Learnt?

Adventure Diary (Self-Assessment) Gas Station (Other's Assessment)





9. Final Battle

Intro

After the perfect teamwork of Mike and all the aborigines, they finally drove those aliens away with bombs and saved the whole tribe. To memorize the contribution of Mike, they changed the name of their tribe to "Mike Tribe".



Task

1. Create the script according to the animation scene.

Process

- 1) Work out the theme of the game, and then decide the interaction way
- 2) Decide the backdrop and the sprite(s), and work out the design flow
- 3) Write the script according to the game flow
- 4) Repeatedly test to fix any errors or inadequacies
- 5) Publish your work piece and share with others.

Achieve

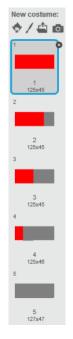
Before designing the program, we need to make a clear plan of the animation scene for each sprite and the relevant script. Let's start with the animation scene!

1. Animation Scene

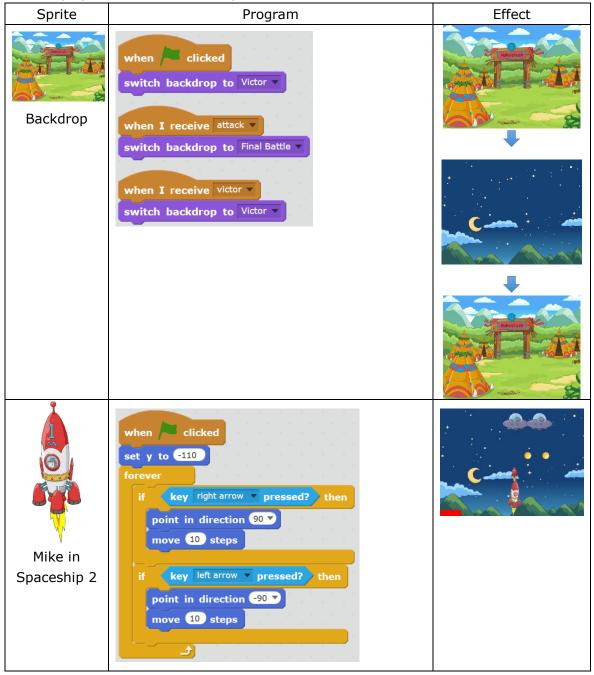
Scene 1 - In the tribe: Mike and the aborigines decide to fight against the aliens.Scene 2 - Fighting: Mike flies Mike No.1 to fight against the aliensScene 3 - In the tribe: A big celebration!

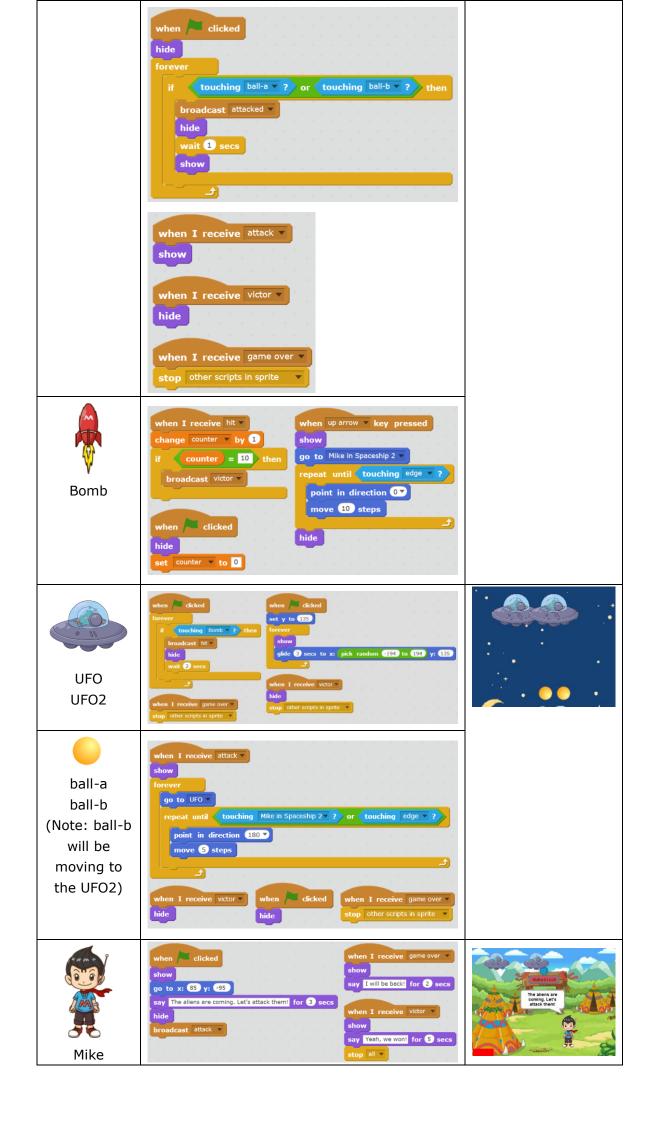
2. Program Script

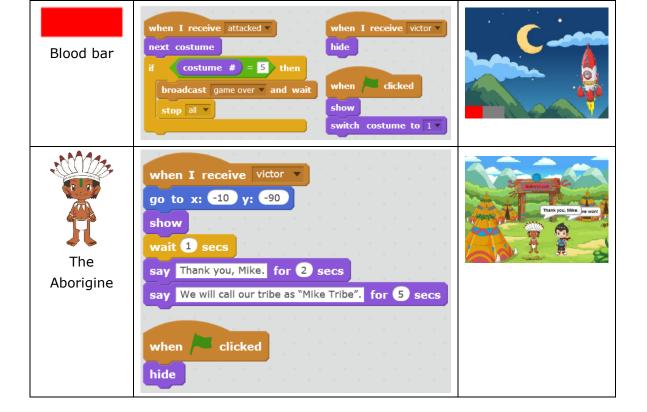
Import backdrop "Final Battle.png" and "Victor.png"; upload "Bomb.png", 2 "UFO.png", "Aborigine.png", "Mike.png", "Mike in Spaceship 2.png" from local file; import 2 "Ball" from the Sprite Library; and draw a "Blood bar" manually:



For easy operation, we've already made 2 aliens.







Homework

Try to complete this game using clone function.

What You've Learnt?

Adventure Diary (Self-Assessment)

